

## **ARMENIA AND THE VENERATION OF TERRORISTS**

**Mehmet Oğuzhan TULUN**

**Analyst**

There are a number of long-running obstacles standing in the way of the normalization of relations between Turkey and Armenia. Among these, the ones that stand out are Armenias vague stance on recognizing the territorial integrity of Turkey, its insistence on trying to impose the Armenian genocide narrative on Turkey, and its continuing occupation of Azerbaijan's Nagorno-Karabakh territory.

Alongside these obstacles, there is an issue that continues to cause tension between the two countries and block society-to-society reconciliation. This issue is the continuing treatment of the members of Armenian terrorist organizations -who killed Turkish diplomats- as national heroes, and the erection of statues and memorials in their name.

These statues and memorials serve as a concrete example for the fact that, far from the combatting of terrorism, in reality there is in Armenia a solidified veneration of terrorists.

For example, in Armenias capital Yerevan, there is a bust for Monte Melkonian, who was one of the leading figures of the Armenian terrorist organization ASALA that targeted Turkish diplomats. From the perspective of people of Armenia, Melkonian is a national hero for having killed Turkish diplomats for Armenians righteous struggle against the Turks, and also for having taken part in the Nagorno-Karabakh War. He is buried in the Yerablur military cemetery located in the outskirts of Yerevan.

In this cemetery, there is also a memorial erected in honor of ASALA. In other words, a memorial was erected in a military cemetery in Armenia in the name of the members of a terrorist group that killed the diplomats of a neighboring country (Turkey). This is a very concrete proof of the positive way in which ASALA is viewed in Armenia.

Yerevan is not the only place in which a memorial has been erected in ASALAs name. In Vanadzor, another city in Armenia, there is another ASALA memorial that was erected in January 2014. This memorial was opened with a liturgy conducted by the priests of the Armenian Apostolic Church, the national church of Armenia. The news and the video of this opening liturgy was shared by Shoghakat TV,<sup>[1]</sup> a TV company founded by the Armenian Apostolic Church. This piece of news reveals the perspective of the Armenian Apostolic Church, which always maintains Armenian innocence in all circumstances, towards the terrorist organization ASALA.

Therefore, the question that has to be asked is the following: How can Turkey compromise, and then reconcile with a country (and its society and church) that derives contentment from the killing of Turkish diplomats and which still venerates those who have done the killings?

[i] Opening of memorial stone to the memory of ASALA in Vanadzor, *Shoghakat TV*, <http://www.shoghakat.am/en/telecasts/1058> [date of access: 18 May 2015).

About the Author :

Mehmet Oğuzhan Tulun is an AVİM Analyst. His research focuses on Eastern Europe, the Caucasus, Asia, Turkish-Armenian and Turkey-Armenia relations, international crimes and history, and the interplay between religion and politics.

To cite this article: TULUN, Mehmet Oğuzhan. 2026. "ARMENIA AND THE VENERATION OF TERRORISTS ." Center For Eurasian Studies (AVİM), Commentary No.2015 / 69. May 19. Accessed May 09, 2026. <https://avim.org.tr/en/Yorum/ARMENIA-AND-THE-VENERATION-OF-TERRORISTS>



Süleyman Nazif Sok. No: 12/B Daire 3-4 06550 Çankaya-ANKARA / TÜRKİYE

**Tel:** +90 (312) 438 50 23-24 • **Fax:** +90 (312) 438 50 26

 @avimorgtr

 <https://www.facebook.com/avrsyaincelemelerimerkezi>

**E-Mail:** [info@avim.org.tr](mailto:info@avim.org.tr)

<http://avim.org.tr>

---

© 2009-2025 Center for Eurasian Studies (AVİM) All Rights Reserved