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DUTCH PARLIAMENT RECOGNIZES 1915 ARMENIAN MASSACRE AS GENOCIDE

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Reuters (22 February 2018)

The Dutch parliament on Thursday passed a motion recognizing as genocide the massacre of as many as 1.5 million Armenians in 1915, although the government said it would not become official policy of the Netherlands.

The motion, which was opposed by just three lawmakers out of 150, risks further straining relations between The Hague and Ankara, which have been tense since the Dutch barred a Turkish minister from campaigning in the Netherlands last year.

Turkey denies that the killings, which took place at the height of World War One, constitute genocide. Its foreign ministry strongly condemned the Dutch parliaments approval of the motion and noted the Dutch governments response to it.

The government will not follow the judgment of the parliament, Foreign Minister Sigrid Kaag told Dutch television before the vote.

She urged utmost caution when applying the term genocide to past events.

This cabinet wants to be very careful about relations with Turkey, which have been better, she said.

Relations between the two countries, both members of NATO, plunged last year when the Netherlands deported a Turkish minister who had come to campaign among the Dutch Turkish minority for a constitutional referendum in Turkey.

The Turkish statement made reference to the 1995 Srebrenica massacres, in which victims were killed after being turned away from a Dutch-run United Nations base where thousands had sought refuge towards the end of the Bosnian war.

Baseless decisions taken by the parliament of a country that turned a blind eye to the still painful genocide at Srebrenica have no place in history or in justice, the Foreign Ministrys statement said.

Turkeys attitude towards the events of 1915 is based on historical facts and legal norms.

Turkey summoned the Dutch charge daffaires to Ankara on Saturday to express unhappiness with the impending vote. Nearly a dozen other EU countries have passed similar resolutions. On Feb. 5, the Netherlands said it would not attempt to appoint an ambassador to Turkey for now.

A second motion passed on Thursday calls for a high-level Dutch government official to attend Armenias formal genocide remembrance day on April 24. In the past, the Dutch ambassador has attended.

Kaag said the government would consider how best to represent the Netherlands.

Most scholars outside Turkey consider the killings were a genocide, or an attempt to destroy a people in part or whole.

Turkey accepts that many Christian Armenians living in the Ottoman Empire were killed during World War One, but contests the figures and denies that the killings were orchestrated.

https://www.reuters.com/article/us-netherlands-turkey-armenia/dutch-parliament-recognizes-1915armenian-massacre-as-genocide-idUSKCN1G62GS

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